
MEMORANDUM
AND
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
STL GLOBAL LIMITED

भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय
कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र दिल्ली एवं हरियाणा

कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 18 (1) (क)

उद्देश्य-खंडों में परिवर्तन की पुष्टि हेतु विशेष विनिश्चय के पंजीकरण का प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : L51909DL1997PLC088667

मैसर्स STL GLOBAL LIMITED

के अंशधारकों ने दिनांक 12/07/2011 को आयोजित की गई वार्षिक / असाधारण बैठक में एक विशेष विनिश्चय पारित करके कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) की धारा 18 (1) का अनुपालन करते हुए अपने संगम-ज्ञापन के प्रावधानों में परिवर्तन कर लिया है।

मैं, एतद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि उक्त विशेष विनिश्चय की प्रतिलिपि, यथा परिवर्तित संगम-ज्ञापन के साथ, आज पंजीकृत कर ली गई है।

दिल्ली में यह प्रमाण-पत्र, आज दिनांक सत्ताईस जुलाई दो हजार ग्यारह को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana

SECTION 18(1)(A) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956

Certificate of Registration of the Special Resolution Confirming Alteration of Object Clause(s)

Corporate Identity Number : L51909DL1997PLC088667

The share holders of M/s STL GLOBAL LIMITED having passed Special Resolution in the Annual/Extra Ordinary General Meeting held on 12/07/2011 altered the provisions of its Memorandum of Association with respect to its objects and complied with the Section (18)(1) of the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956).

I hereby certify that the said Special Resolution together with the copy of the Memorandum of Association as altered has this day been registered.

Given at Delhi this Twenty Seventh day of July Two Thousand Eleven.

Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार, राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र दिल्ली एवं हरियाणा

*Note: The corresponding form has been approved by ANITA KLAIR, Assistant Registrar of Companies and this certificate has been digitally signed by the Registrar through a system generated digital signature under rule 5(2) of the Companies (Electronic Filing and Authentication of Documents) Rules, 2006.

The digitally signed certificate can be verified at the Ministry website (www.mca.gov.in).

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता :

Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

STL GLOBAL LIMITED

UNIT NO-111 BLOCK NO-1, 1st FLOOR, TRIBHUWAN COMPLEX, ISHWAR NAGAR,

NEW DELHI - 110065,

Delhi, INDIA



भारत सरकार-कॉर्पोरेट कार्य मंत्रालय
कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार कार्यालय, राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र दिल्ली एवं हरियाणा

नाम परिवर्तन के पश्चात नया निगमन प्रमाण-पत्र

कॉर्पोरेट पहचान संख्या : L51909DL1997PLC088667

मैसर्स SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED

के मामले में, मैं एतद्वारा सत्यापित करता हूँ कि मैसर्स
SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED

जो मूल रूप में दिनांक भाईस जूलाई उन्नीस सौ सत्तासठे को कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 (1956 का 1) के अंतर्गत मैसर्स
SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED

के रूप में निगमित की गई थी, ने कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 21 की शर्तों के अनुसार विधिवत आवश्यक विधि-पत्र पारित करके तथा
सिचित रूप में यह सूचित करके की उसे भारत का अनुमोदन, कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 की धारा 21 के साथ पठित, भारत सरकार, कम्पनी कार्य
विभाग, नई दिल्ली की अधिसूचना सं. सा. का. नि. 507 (अ) दिनांक 24.6.1985 एन.आर.एन. A23862915 दिनांक 15/10/2007 के द्वारा
प्राप्त हो गया है, उक्त कम्पनी का नाम आज परिवर्तित रूप में मैसर्स
STL GLOBAL LIMITED

हो गया है और यह प्रमाण-पत्र, कथित अधिनियम की धारा 23(1) के अनुसार मंजूर किया जाता है।

यह प्रमाण-पत्र, मेरे हस्ताक्षर द्वारा दिल्ली में आज दिनांक पंद्रह अक्टूबर दो हजार सात को जारी किया जाता है।

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA - MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana

Fresh Certificate of Incorporation Consequent upon Change of Name

Corporate Identity Number : L51909DL1997PLC088667

In the matter of M/s SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED

I hereby certify that SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED which was originally incorporated on Twenty Second day of July
Nineteen Hundred Ninety Seven under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) as SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED
having duly passed the necessary resolution in terms of Section 21 of the Companies Act, 1956 and the approval of
the Central Government signified in writing having been accorded thereto under Section 21 of the Companies Act,
1956, read with Government of India, Department of Company Affairs, New Delhi, Notification No. G.S.R 507 (E)
dated 24/06/1985 vide SRN A23862915 dated 15/10/2007 the name of the said company is this day changed to
STL GLOBAL LIMITED and this Certificate is issued pursuant to Section 23(1) of the said Act.

Given under my hand at Delhi this Fifteenth day of October Two Thousand Seven.




(T P SHAM)

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार / Registrar of Companies
राष्ट्रीय राजधानी क्षेत्र दिल्ली एवं हरियाणा
National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार के कार्यालय अभिलेख में उपलब्ध पत्राचार का पता :
Mailing Address as per record available in Registrar of Companies office:

STL GLOBAL LIMITED
UNIT NO-111 BLOCK NO-1, 1st FLOOR, TRIBHUWAN COMPLEX, ISHWAR NAGAR,
NEW DELHI - 110055,
Delhi, INDIA

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF CORPORATE AFFAIRS
OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES
NCT OF DELHI & HARYANA
DELHI

Corporate identity number (CIN) 251909 DL 1997 PLC 088687

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF ORDERS OF HON'BLE
HIGH COURT CONFIRMING SCHEME OF ARRANGEMENT/MERGER/
DEMERGER/ AMALGAMATION

Section 391(2) & 394 of the Companies Act, 1956

CERTIFIED that the certified copy of the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi order dated 25/05/2007 passed in Company Petition 64 of 2007 regarding scheme of Amalgamation of under mentioned Company/Companies:-

Shyam Bee International (TRANSFEROR COMPANY)
Private Limited

WITH

Shreehik Global Limited (TRANSFeree COMPANY)

has been registered under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

Given under my hand at New Delhi THIS 14 DAY OF June TWO
THOUSAND SEVEN



V. N. Sharma
V. N. SHARMA
Asstt./Dy. Registrar of Companies
NCT of Delhi & Haryana

COMPANY NO. 55-88667



Certificate for Commencement of Business

व्यापार प्रारम्भ करने का प्रमाण पत्र

Pursuant to section 149 (3) of the Companies Act, 1956

कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 की धारा 149 (3) के अनुसरण में

I hereby certify that the **SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED**

मैं एतद् द्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि शिवालिक ग्लोबल लिमिटेड

which was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on

जो कि कम्पनी अधिनियम, 1956 के अन्तर्गत पंजीकृत की गई थी दिनांक 31 आषाढ़, 1919.....

the..... **TWENTY SECOND**day of**JULY**..... **1997**.....

and which has filed duly verified declaration in the

और जिस ने कि पथावत् निर्धारित प्रपत्र में सत्यापित घोषणा पत्र प्रस्तुत

prescribed form that the conditions of section

कर दिया है कि उस ने धारा 149 (2)(क) से (ग)

of the said Act, have been complied with is entitled to commence business.

को सभी शर्तों का अनुपालन कर दिया है, अतः व्यापार आरम्भ करने का

अधिकारी है।

Given under my hand at.....**NEW DELHI**.....

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज दिनांक**17** श्रावण, 1919..... this

EIGHTHday of**AUGUST**..... One thousand nine hundred and**NINETY SEVEN**

को जारी किया गया।



Sd/-

(स. बिश्वास)

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार

दिल्ली एवं हरियाणा

(S. BISWAS)

REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES

N.C.T. OF DELHI & HARYANA



सत्यमेव जयते

प्राच्य एक

Form 1

निगमन का प्रमाण पत्र

Certificate of Incorporation

सं० 55-88667..... शक..... 1919.....

No. 55-88667..... of..... 1997-1998.....

मैं एतद् द्वारा प्रमाणित करता हूँ कि आजशिवालिक ग्लोबल लिमिटेड।कम्पनी अधिनियम 1956 (1956 का 1) के अधीन निगमित की गई है और यह कम्पनी परिसीमित है।

I hereby certify that.....SHIVALIK GLOBAL LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 (No. 1 of 1956) and that the Company is Limited.

मेरे हस्ताक्षर से आज ता०..... 31 आषाढ़ ,.....1919.....को दिया गया।

Given under my hand at NEW DELHI this TWENTY SECOND..... day of JULY One thousand nine hundred andNINETY SEVEN.



Sd/-

(स. विश्वास)

कम्पनी रजिस्ट्रार

रा. रा. क्षेत्र दिल्ली एवं हरियाणा

(S. BISWAS)

Registrar of Companies

N.C.T. OF DELHI & HARYANA

(THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)

(COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

OF

STL GLOBAL LIMITED

- I. The name of the Company is **STL GLOBAL LIMITED**.
- II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the National Capital Territory of Delhi.
- III. The objects for which the Company is established are:-
 - (A) **THE MAIN OBJECTS TO BE PURSUED BY THE COMPANY ON ITS INCORPORATION ARE:**
 1. To carry on the business as buyers, sellers, exporters, importers, distributors, agents, brokers, stockiest, commission agents and dealers of:
 - (a) All kinds of readymade garments, wearing apparels of all kinds consumer goods, raw materials, manufactured goods, drugs, medicines, solvents, emulsifiers, chemicals, petrochemicals, agro chemicals, photo chemicals, photo films, x-ray films, x-ray chemicals, photographic paper and allied photographic material, paper.
 - (b) Engineering goods, sewing machine, hand tools, small tools, metals, alloys, iron pipe fittings, nuts and bolts, bicycles and accessories, automobiles parts, steel and stainless steel, iron products, ores and scraps, metallurgical residues, hides, skins, leather goods, furs, bristles, tobacco(raw and manufactured), hemp, seeds, oils and cakes, vanaspati, textile fibre waste, coir, jute and products thereof, wood and timber, bones, crushed and uncrushed industrial diamonds, coal and charcoal, glue, gums and resins, lac, shellac, manures, pulp, wood, rags, rubber, tanning substances, wax, quartz, crystal, chemical preparation, plastic and linoleum articles, glass and glassware, handicrafts, handloom toys, liquid golds, precious stones, ornament, jewelleries, pearls, drugs and medicines, soaps, paints, instruments, apparatus and appliances, machinery and mill materials, cosmetics, wigs, belting, cinematograph, films exposed, gramophone records, rubber plastic goods, starch, umbrellas, crown corks, batteries, surgical and musical manuscripts, electric and electronic products of all kinds, sanitaryware and fittings, wollen textiles, natural fibre products, cellulose and non-cellulosic products, mixed blended products, fish and fish products, fodder bran, fruits, nuts, cashewnuts, kernels, grains, pulses, flour, confectionery, provisions, alcohol, beverages, perfumed spirits, spices and tea coffee, sugar and molasses, vegetables products, processed foods and packed food products, all kind of fabric, garments and hosiery goods, Agarbatti, Dhupbatti, Carpets, Durries, Furnitures and Packing materials.
 2. To carry on the business as owner, builder, colonizer, developer, promoter, lessors, interior decorators, civil contractors, maintainer of residential, commercial and industrial buildings; mall, multiplexes, township projects; and apartment houses, hotels, motels, hostels, restaurants; godowns, jails, warehouses, boarding houses, clubs, pleasure grounds and amusement parks, theatres, cinemas or such other houses, meeting or lecture halls, libraries, dharamshalas and sarais, health resorts and sanatoriums or to collaborate with some real estate developer or any other person or company dealing in the business of real estate for the development of company's land and other undertakings in to IT parks, commercial complexes, residential accommodations or other real estate projects; and to deal in all kinds of immovable properties whether belonging to the Company or not.

(B) THE OBJECTS INCIDENTAL OR ANCILLARY TO THE ATTAINMENT OF THE MAIN OBJECTS ARE:

1. To purchase and otherwise acquire, own, import, all materials, substances, appliances, machines, containers and such other articles and apparatus and things capable of being used in any of the main business and to own, lease and otherwise acquire and use facilities of whatever kind as may be convenient or useful or conducive to the effective working of the main business of the company.
2. To acquire, build, alter, maintain, enlarge, remove or replace and to work, manage and control any buildings, offices, factories, mills, shops, machinery and conveniences which may seem necessary to achieve the main objects of the company.
3. To buy, repair, alter, improve, exchange, import, works, plants, machinery, tools, utensils, appliances, apparatus, products, materials, substances, articles and things capable of being used in the main business of this company.
4. To purchase, take on lease or tenancy of in exchange, hire take, options over or otherwise acquire any estate or interests, whatsoever and to hold, develop work, concessions, grants, decrees, licences, privileges, claims, options, leases, property, real or personal or rights or powers of any kinds which may appear to be necessary for the main business of the Company.
5. To pay for preliminary and pre-incorporation expenses of the Company.
6. To exchange, mortgage, royalty or tribute, grant licenses, easements, options and such other rights over the dispose of the whole or any part of the undertaking, property assets, rights and effects of the Company for such consideration as may be thought fit and in particular for stocks, shares debentures whether fully or partly paid up or securities of any other such company having objects whole or in part similar to those of the Company.
7. To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company and to remunerate any person, firm or body corporate rendering services to the Company either by cash payment or by allotment to him or them of shares or securities of the Company as paid up in full.
8. To advance money, either with or without security and give credit to such persons (including Government) and upon such terms and conditions as the Company may deem fit, provided that the Company shall not carry on banking business within the meaning of Banking Regulations Act, 1949.
9. To undertake financial and commercial obligations, transactions and operations of all kinds.
10. To guarantee the performance of any contract or obligations and the payment of money or dividends and interest on any stock, shares or securities of any company, corporation, firm or person in any case in which such guarantee may be considered directly or indirectly to further the main objects of the Company.

11. To guarantee the payment of money unsecured or secured or payable under or in respect of promissory notes, bonds, debentures stocks, contracts, mortgages, charges obligations, instruments and securities of any company or of any Authority, Supreme, Municipal, Local or of any persons whether incorporated or not incorporated and to guarantee or become sureties for the performance of any contracts or obligations as may be necessary for the main business of the Company.
12. To subscribe for, acquire and hold shares, share-stock, debentures, bonds, debenture-stock, mortgage, obligations, securities of any kind issued or guaranteed by any company (Body corporate undertaking) of whatever nature and whatsoever constituted or carrying on the main business and to subscribe for, acquire and hold shares, debentures and debenture-stocks and debenture-bonds, mortgages, obligations and such other securities issued or guaranteed by any government, trust, Municipal, local or such other authority or body of whatever nature, whether in India or elsewhere as may be conducive to the main business of the company.
13. Subject to the provisions of section 77 of Companies Act, 195 to invest other than Investment in company's own shares, any money of the Company not immediately required in any investment movable or immovable as may be thought proper and to hold, invest in shares or stock in the company as may be necessary for the main business of the Company.
14. Subject to Section 58A, 292 and 293 of the Act and the Regulations made thereunder and the directions issued by Reserve Bank of India to receive money on deposit or loan and borrow or raise money in such manner as the Company shall think fit and in particular by the issue of debentures or debenture-stock (perpetual or otherwise) and to secure the payment of any money borrowed, raised or owing on the mortgage, charge or lien upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company (both present or future) including its uncalled capital and also by similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company, or any other such person or Company, of any obligation undertaken by the Company.
15. To draw, make accept, endorse, discount, negotiate, execute and issue bills of exchange, promissory notes, bills of lading, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments or securities.
16. To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and protect, prolong and renew in any part of the world, any patents, patent rights, brevets d'inventions, trademarks, designs, licences, protections, and concessions conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to their use of information as to any invention, process or privileges which may seem capable of being used for the main objects of the Company or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly, to benefit the company and to use, exercise, develop or grant licences or privileges in respect of the property, rights and information so acquired.
17. To spend money in experimenting upon and testing and improving or seeking to improve any patents, rights, inventions discoveries, processes or information of the Company or which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.

18. To do all or any of the main objects either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by or through agents, sub-contractors, trustees or otherwise.
19. To acquire and takeover all, or any part of the business property and liabilities of any person, firm or company carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which this company is authorised to carry on or possess property, suitable for the main business of the Company.
20. To procure the registration or recognition of the company in or under the laws of any place outside India.
21. To form, incorporate or promote any company or companies whether in India or elsewhere having amongst its or their objects the acquisition of all or any of the assets or controls, management or development of the Company or any other such objects which in the opinion of the Company could or might directly or indirectly assist the Company in the management of its main business or the development of its properties or otherwise prove advantageous to the Company and to pay all or any of the costs and expenses incurred in connection with any such promotion or incorporation and to remunerate any person or company in any manner it shall think fit for services rendered or to be rendered in or about the formation or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its main business or in about the promotion of any other such company in which the Company may have any interest.
22. Subject to the provision of Section 391 to 394 and 394A of the Companies Act, 1956 to amalgamate or to enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint venture or reciprocal with any person or persons of company or companies carrying on or engage in the main business of the Company.
23. To enter into any arrangements and take all necessary or proper steps with Governments or with other such authorities, supreme, national, local, municipal or otherwise of any place in which the Company may have interests and to carry on any negotiations or operations for the purpose of directly or indirectly carrying out the objects of the Company or effecting any modification in the constitution of the Company or for furthering the interest of the members and to oppose any such steps taken by any such company, firm or person which may be considered likely, directly or indirectly, to prejudice the interest of the Company or its members, and to assist in the promotion whether directly or indirectly of any legislation which may seem advantageous to the company and to obtain from any such Government Authority and company any charters, contracts, decrees, rights, grants loans, privileges, or concessions which the company may think it desirable to obtain and carry out, exercise and comply with any such arrangements, charters, decrees, rights, privileges or concessions.
24. To adopt such means of making known the main business of the Company as may seem expedient and in particular by advertising in the press by circulars, by purchase and exhibition of works of art or interest, by publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, rewards and donations.

- 25 (a) To undertake and execute any trust, the undertaking of which may seem to the company desirable and either gratuitously or otherwise and vest any real or personal property, rights or interests acquired by or belonging to the company in any person of Company on behalf of or for the benefit of the company and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
- (b) To accept gifts including by way of awards/prizes from Govt. and semi govt. bodies and to give gifts and donations to create trust for the welfare of employees, members, directors and/or their dependents, heirs and children and for deserving object for and other persons also and to act as trustees.
26. To apply the assets of the Company in any way or towards the establishment, maintenance or extension of any association, institution or fund in any way connected with any particular trade or business or with trade or commerce and particularly with the trade, including any association, institution or fund for the interests of masters, owners and employers against loss by bad debt, strike, combustion, fire, accident or otherwise or for the benefit of any employee workman or others at any time employed by the company or any of its predecessors in business or their families or dependents and whether or not in common with such other persons or classes of persons and in particular of friendly, co-operative and such other societies, reading rooms, libraries, educational and charitable institutions, dining and recreation rooms, churches, chapels, schools and hospitals and to grant gratuities, pensions and allowances and to contribute to any funds raised by public or local subscription for any purpose.
27. To aid pecuniarily or otherwise, any association, body or movement having for an object the solution, settlement of industrial or labour problems or troubles or the promotion of industry or trade.
28. To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object of and for exhibition, subject to the provisions of sections 293, 293A & 293B of the Act.
29. Subject to the provision of the Gift Tax Act, 1958 and the Statutory amendments thereof, the Company has power to make and receive gifts either in cash or other movable or immovable properties.
30. To establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, and give, or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any person who are or were at any time in the employment or services of the Company or is allied to or associated with the company or with any such subsidiary Company or who are or were at any time Directors or officers of the company as aforesaid and the wives, widows, families and dependents of any such persons and also establish and subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interest and well-being of the Company or of any such other Company as aforesaid and make payments to or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid and do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid.

31. To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the main objects.

(C) THE OTHER OBJECTGS ARE:

1. To carry on, in any mode, the business of store-keepers in all its branches and in particular to buy, sell and deal in goods, stores, consumable articles, chattels and effects of all kinds, both wholesale or retail.
2. To carry on business as importers and exporters of goods or merchandise of any description or to act as shippers, commission agents, advertising agents, travelling agents, transport agents, forwarding and clearing agents, brokers, estate agents and hardware merchants.
3. To carry on the business of manufacturers of and dealers of automobile parts, accessories, ancillaries, stores and spares and to engineer, develop, design assemble, manufacture, produce, import and export, buy, sell and otherwise deal in Tractors, Cards, Motor-bikes, Cycles, Mopeds, petroleum and petroleum products, glass and glass products, industrial, mining, agricultural and such other machines and all types of tools, plants, equipments, instruments, appliances and hardware of all kinds, general fittings, accessories and appliances of all description made of metal, alloy, glass, synthetic and such other fibers, chemical and PVC compounds, plastics or any such other material related thereto.
4. To carry on the business of electrical engineers, electricians, engineers, contractors, manufacturers, suppliers and dealers in electrical and such other appliances, cables, wire-lines, dry-cells, accumulators, lamps and works and to generate, accumulate, distribute and supply electricity for the purpose of light, heat motive power and for all other such purposes for which electrical energy can be employed and to manufacture other such purposes for which electrical energy can be employed and to manufacture and deal in all apparatuses and things required for or capable of being used in connection with the generation, distribution, supply, accumulation and employment of electricity, including in the term electricity all power that may be directly or indirectly, derived here from or may be incidentally hereinafter discovered in dealing with electricity.
5. To manufacture and/or produce and/or otherwise engage in the manufacture or production of or dealing in electrical kilowatt hourmeters, magnets, electromagnets, power cables, industrial jewels, ammeters, voltmeters and such other types of measure instruments, electrical or non electrical, die casting, screws, nuts and bolts, transformers of all types, circuit breakers, punched card machines, computers and calculators and their accessories, hoists, elevators, trolleys and coaches, winches, power generators, magnetic separators, winders, air compressor, welders fands of all types, switches and motors of all types, drills, electric grinders, air conditioners, refrigerators, washing machines, television and wireless apparatus, such as radio receivers and transmitters, electronic instruments, videos, transistors sand allied items, watches and clocks, cameras and any house-hold appliances and any equipment used in the generations, transmission and receiving of sound, light and electrical impulses and components or parts thereof.
6. To carry on the business as mechanical engineers, machinists, fitters, millwrights, founders, wire drawers, tube metallurgist, saddlers, galvanizers, japanners, annealers, enamellers, electroplaters and painters.

7. To carry on a general business of providing comparative information about the characteristics, interest or such other attributes of individuals, communities, economic trends or persons whatsoever, to design, invest, prepare own make and on lease, sell or otherwise dispose of and generally to deal in and with computers, data processing machines tapes cards memory equipment or any other such equipment and materials of every kind and description useful in connection with the business, to license or otherwise authorise others to engage in the forging, and to engage in general research and development in areas related to or involving the foregoing.
8. To grow, take on lease, acquire, develop, deal in plantations and to process in all aspects, timber wood, plywood and all kinds of wood and to make products where wood is constituent part and to design, develop, fabricate any products involving the use of wood.
9. To produce, manufacture, use or otherwise acquire, sell, distribute, deal in all dispose of, alkalies and acids, gases, compounds, fertilizers, chemical and chemical products of every nature and description and compounds, intermediates, derivatives and by-products thereof and products to be made therefrom (hereinafter for convenience referred to generally as, chemicals and products) including specifically, but without limiting the generality of the foregoing calcium carbide, calcium cyanamide, vat, solubilised vat, azoic salts, naphthols, all types of floatation reagents, wetting agents, insecticides and fumigants, plastics and resins, dyestuffs, catalytic agents, foods, direct colour, basic and rapid fast colours, pigments, drugs, biologicals, pharmaceuticals, serums, vitamin products, hormones, sutures, ligatures, drugs for disease or disabilities, in men or animals, and products derived from phosphate mines, limestones, quarries, bauxite mines, petroleum, natural gas and such other natural deposits useful or suitable in the manufacture of chemicals and chemical products as hereinabove defined.
10. To manufacture, produce, refine, prepare, store, sell and to trade and deal in petroleum and all kinds of mineral oils, all products and by-products thereof such as wax, paraffin, soap, paint varnish, lubricants, illumination and butter substitutes, oil cloth, candles, glycerin, steering and in connection therewith to acquire, construct, repair, operate and use oil and such other refineries, buildings, mills, factories, oil wells, derricks, distilleries, ghanies, rotaries, expellers, mechanical or hydraulic press.
11. To carry on business of manufacturers and dealers, importers and exporters of natural and synthetic resins, moulding powders, adhesives and cements, oil paints, distempers, collular paints, colours, varnishes, enamels, gold and silver leaf enamels, spirits, tobacco, cigars, snuff, soap, cosmetics, perfumes, medicines, drugs, dyes, fats, waxes hides, skins and leather and such other allied articles thereof.
12. To carry on development and research work and to manufacture, process, import export, buy, sell and deal in petroleum, coke, calcined, coke and coalter, anthracite coal and to draw out, manufacture and deal in coalter, canlion products and such other by-products as may be possible and to utilise waste gases for industrial uses and purposes.
13. To engineer, develop, design, assemble, manufacture, produce, import, export, buy sell, operate, run, let on hire and otherwise deal in:

- (a) all kinds of earth moving and agricultural machines, petrol and diesel engines, tools, plants tractors, equipments, spares, appliances implements accessories, mobile or otherwise.
 - (b) heavy vehicles and machines for agricultural and land reclamation, drainage irrigation, water works, engineering, forest clearing, pumping and such other purposes of all types ;
 - (c) spraying machines, vehicles and equipments whether mobile or otherwise;
 - (d) mobile workshops and garage equipments for repair and service machinery,
 - (e) tubewells, pumps, floating or otherwise, motors and irrigation machinery ;
 - (f) transportation equipments for movements of its products or stores, machines or personnel and as general purpose freight carriers ;
14. To undertake the business of distribution and application of chemicals, fertilizers and pesticides, aerial or otherwise and to maintain and run vehicles, aeroplanes and equipments for spraying and to run the said vehicles and aeroplanes for hire and as passenger carrying crafts also.
15. (a) To construct a cinematography theatre and such other building and works and Conveniences, for said purpose thereof and to manage, maintain and carry on the said theatre and to let out other such buildings when so erected or constructed.
- (b) To carry on the business as proprietors and managers of theatres (cinemas, picture places and concert halls) and to provide for the production, representation and performance (whether by mechanical means or otherwise) of operas, stage plays, operators, burlesques, vaudevilles, revues, ballets, pantomimes, spectacular pieces, promenade, and such other concerts, musical and dramatic performance and entertainments of all types.
- (c) To carry on the business of restaurant keepers, wine and spirit merchants, licensed victuallers, theatrical agents, box office keepers, dramatic and musical literature publisher and printers.
- (d) To manufacture films and such other appliances and machines in connection with mechanical reproduction or transmission of pictures, movements, music and sounds and to organise and conduct theatrical production and entertainment of all kinds.
- (e) To enter into agreements with author or other persons, for the dramatic or other rights or operas, plays, films, operatus, burlesque, vaudevilles, ballet, pantomimes, spectacular pieces, musical compositions and such other dramatic and musical performances and entertainments or for the representation thereof in Indian and elsewhere, as well as of foreign rights and to enter into agreements of all kinds with artists and such other persons related thereto.
16. To carry on business as tourists, agents and contractors and to facilitate travelling and to provide for tourists and travellers and promote the provision of conveniences of all kinds in the ways of through tickets, circular tickets, sleeping cars or berths, reserved places, hotel and lodging accomodation, guides, safe deposits, inquiry bureaux, libraries, lavatories, reading room, baggage transport and otherwise.

17. To carry on the business of hotel, restaurant, café, tavern, beer house, restaurant room, boarding and lodging house keepers and beer merchants, maltsters, manufacturers of aerated minerals and artificial waters and such other drinks purveyors, caterers for public amusements general coach, cab, carriage and motor - car proprietors, livery stable and garage keepers, importers and brokers of food, live and dead stock, hair dressers, perfumers, chemists, proprietors, of clubs, baths, dressing rooms, laundries, reading, writing and newspaper rooms, libraries, grounds and place of amusements and recreation, sport, entertainment and instruction of all kinds tobacco and cigar merchants, agents for railways road, air and shipping companies and carriers, theatrical and operabox office proprietors and general agents and to provide services and facilities of all kinds on commercial basis that may be required for the tourist and entertainment industry.
18. To promote, establish, acquire and run or otherwise carry on the business of any plastic or rubber industry or business of manufacture of materials for use in such industries or business such as wax, paper, bakelite, plywood, celluloid, products, chemicals of all sorts and such other articles or things and similar or allied products, or process thereof.
19. To carry on business of processors, combers, spinners, weavers, knitters, manufacturers, dyers, bleachers, finishers, laminators, balers, and pressers of any fibrous or textile material whether an agricultural or animal or natural products or its bye-products or chemicals or synthetic fibre and more specially jute, hemp, silk, cotton, wool, mesta, nylon, terene, terylene, staple fibre or such other synthetic fibre and to manufacture and produce from such raw material or textile material and to carry on the business of buyers, sellers, and dealers of all such raw or processed or semi-processed material and to transact all manufacturing, cutting and preparing, process and mercantile business that may be beneficial to the said business.
20. To carry on the business of transport, cartage and haulage contractors, garage proprietors, owners and charters of road vehicles, aircrafts, ships, tugs, barges, and boats of every description, lightermen, carriers of goods and passengers by road, rail water or air, carmen, cartage contractors, stevedores, wharfingers, cargo superintendents, packers, haulers, warehousemen, store-keepers and jobmasters.
21. To carry on the business of farming, horticulture, floriculture, sericulture, dairies, cultivators, or all kinds of foodgrains, seeds, fruits, proprietors of orchards and traders, exporters, dealers and sellers of the products of farming, dairy, horticulture, floriculture, sericulture and pisciculture and fishing and manufacturers of drinks, alcoholic or otherwise, including beverages produced from such products or otherwise, to carry on the business of cultivators, growers, manufacturers, millers, grinders, rollers, processors, cold stores, canners and preservers and dealers of food grains and such other agricultural, dairy, horticultural and poultry products, fruits, vegetables, herbs, medicines flowers, drinks fluids and other fresh and preservable products and to extract bye-products and derivatives whether edibles, pharmaceuticals medicines or any such other kind of nature whatever and food preparations of every kind and description and generally the business or manufacture of and trading in preserved, dehydrated, canned or covered agricultural products, fruits and vegetables, foods, dairy and poultry products and articles and such other derivatives of all kinds and descriptions and to set up and run machinery for processing and preserving the same.
22. To establish experimental farms and research stations anywhere in India for conducting experiments, test and research for developing, better qualities of foodgrains and agricultural products and for developing milk strain in cattle by cross breeding or otherwise and increasing eggs laying capacity in poultry and also for finding such other ways and means of improving other such agricultural crops, produce, seeds, fodder crops and cattle feed of all kinds.

23. To manufacture, process, chemically, electrically or by any other such means refine extract, hydrolize, manipulate, mix, deodries, grind, bleach, hydrogenate, buy, sell, import, export, produce or otherwise deal in seeds and agricultural products, food products, dietic products and preparations of patent drugs and proprietary articles of all kinds whether basic or derived and in all forms and in particular protein foods of all kinds and all other such ingredients thereof.
24. To buy, sell deal in shares and securities, foreign exchange, gold, silver cotton, jute hesian, oil, oil seeds and hold them as permitted under the law, from time to time, in force.
25. To organise, run, maintain operate, promote the business of interior decorators, furniture and carpet designers and manufactures, boutiques, operators of fashion centres, fashion shows and to make, acquire, deal in any way in handicrafts, objects of art, precious stones, jewellery, whether artificial or otherwise and articles wherein precious metals or precious stones may be used, in textile fabrics and to manufacture and deal in any products as are dealt in by boutiques, fashion shows and interior decorators.
26. To establish, provide, maintain and conduct research and such other laboratories, training colleges, schools and such other institutions for the training, education and instruction of students and others who may desire to avail themselves of the same and to provide for the delivery and holding of lectures, demonstrations, exhibitions, classes, meetings and conferences in connection therewith.
27. To be interested to promote or undertake the formation and establishment and to take hold and dispose of shares in such organisations, institutions, business or companies whether industrial, hotellers, restaurants, agricultural, trading, manufacturing or otherwise as may be considered to be conducive to the profit and interest of the company and also to acquire, promote, aid, foster, subsidies or acquire interests in any such industry or undertaking.
28. To acquire from or sell to any person, firm or body corporate or unincorporate, whether in India or elsewhere technical and managerial information, know-how processes, engineering, manufacturing, operating and commercial data plans, layouts and blue prints useful for the design, erection and operation of any plant or process of manufacturer and to acquire and grant or license or such other rights and benefits in the forgoing matters and things and to render any kind of management and consultancy services.
29. To carry on the business as general, commercial, colour, craft and graphers, photographers, engravers, die makers, publishers of newspapers, books, magazines, art and musical production, plan and chart printers, press and advertingising agents, contractors, ink, die and colour manufacturers and dealers in containers and components and dealers in printing machines, type and all printers supplies, book binders and stationers and dealers in all kinds of supplies and equipment for mercantile such other uses thereof.
30. To carry on the business of, manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of classes of paper and pulp such as sulphate and sulphate wood pulp, mechanical pulp and soda pulp and paper such as transparent, vellum, writing, printing glazed, absorbent, news printing, wrapping, tissue, cover, blotting, filter, bank or bond, badami, brown, buff or coloured, lined, azure laid, grass or waterproof, hand made parchment, drawing, crafts, carbon, envelop, and box and straw duplex and triplex boards and all kinds of articles in the manufacture of which in any form pulp, paper or board is used and also to deal in or

manufacture artificial leather of all varieties, grades and colour.

31. To acquire and hold shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company constituted or carrying on business in the Republic of India or elsewhere any debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any Government, sovereign-ruler, commissioners, public body or authority, supreme municipal, local or otherwise, whether at home or abroad, to acquire any such shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, obligations or securities by original subscription, tender, purchase, exchange or otherwise and subscribe for the same either conditionally or otherwise and to guarantee the subscription thereof and to exercise and enforce all rights and powers conferred by or incidental to the ownership thereof, to issue shares, debenture stocks, bonds, obligation, and securities of all kinds and to frame, constitute and secure the same, as may seem expedient, with full power to make the same transferable by delivery or by instrument of transfer or otherwise and either perpetual or terminable and either redeemable or otherwise and to charge or secure the same by trust deed or otherwise on the undertaking of the company, or upon any specific property and rights, present and future of the company (including, if thought fit, uncalled capital) or otherwise however, ; to export, import, buy, sell, barter, exchange, pledge, make advance upon, invest in and otherwise deal in gold, silver, bullion, stocks, shares, securities of all kinds and description.
32. To secure sound investments of foreign capital in Indian undertakings and enterprises and Indian Captain in foreign undertaking and enterprises.
33. To carry on the profession of consultants on management, employment, engineering industry and technical matters to industry and business and to act as employment agents.
34. To carry on the business as manufacturers of or dealers in glass products such as sheet and plate glass, optical glass, glass wool, laboratory ware and Thermometers.
35. To carry on the business as manufacturer of, agents or dealers in leather, leather products, textiles and grains such as man made fibers, cotton, silk, jute, woolen, synthetics food grains and products thereof, oils of all kinds, sees and pulses.
36. To undertake and transact all kinds of agency business and to carry on and promote any business, commercial or otherwise, under sound principles and/or to act as distributors, agents, underwrites, brokers, estate agents, middlemen, contract man, representation and indenting agents on commission, allowance, as may be deemed fit in all commodities, merchandise and such other allied articles/lines of business.
37. To undertake, manage, finance or otherwise carry on either individually or in association in any manner with any other person or Government authority, programme of Rural Development in India including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of, or the uplift of the public in any rural area, and without prejudice to the generality of the forgoing to subscribe, donate, establish, provide, maintain, conduct, subsidise undertake, associate with carry on and promote studies, research, experimental work and application of technology, in any field of human endeavour, by establishing, endowing or assisting workshops, laboratories, schools, hospitals, first aid centers and other technical, scientific agricultural or any other institutions and bodies for the development of education, medicine, human welfare, agriculture, horticulture, animal husbandry, dairy products, cottage, small-scale and any other industry and in consideration or at such fair or concessional value as the Director may think fit and divest the ownership of any property of the company to or in favour of any public or Local body or Central or State Govern-

ment or any Public institution or Trusts of Funds recognized or approved by the Central or State Government or established under any law for the time in force. Subject to the approval of RBI under Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as amended by RBI (Amendment) Act, 1997.

38. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor or associate with or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of national economy and for discharging what the Directors may consider to be social and moral responsibilities of the company to the Public or any section of the Public as also any activity which the Directors consider likely to promote national welfare or social, economic or moral uplift of the Public or any section of the public and in such manner and by such means as the Directors may think fit and the Directors may without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, undertake carry out, promote and sponsor any activity for publication of any books, literature, newspapers or for organizing lectures or seminars likely to advance these objects or for giving merit awards, for giving scholarships, loans or any other assistance to deserving students or other scholars or persons to enable them to prosecute studies or academic pursuits or their researches and for establishing, conducting or assisting any institution fund, trust, person or Government authority having any one of the aforesaid objects as one of the objects by giving donations or otherwise in any other manner, and the Directors may at their discretion, in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes, transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value as the Directors may think fit and divest the ownership of any property of the company to or in favour of any public or Local Body or authority or Central.
39. To install the Electric furnaces for melting steel scrap and for producing steel castings and for re-rolling mild steel sections.
40. To manufacture steel castings of all kinds such as used for Textile Machines parts, Railways, Tramway, Motor Parts, Tractors, Sugar Industry and Cement Industry machinery parts.
41. To manufacture bolts, nuts, buckets, kerals, gate channels and to carry on the business of fabrication of steel and its by products.
42. To weld steel tubes and boring of different steel and galvanising iron sections..
43. To manufacture utensils and such other goods of all kinds of brass, bronze, cooper and other metals and alloys.
44. To carry on business of importing and exporting machinery, plants tools, implements, metal goods hardware and plumbing material and to sell, let out the otherwise deal in such imported goods or articles.
45. Subject to the approval of RBI under Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 as amended by RBI (Amendment) Act, 1997 to carry on the business as financiers (not amounting to banking business within the meaning of Banking Regulations Act, 1949) by way of loaning, lending and advancing money, to industrials, individuals, commercials and other enterprises subject to approval of RBI under RBI Act 1934 as amended by RBI ordinance Act, 1997.
46. To carry on the business of mechanical filters, wire drawers, galvanizer, japaneers, annealers, enamellers and packing case makers.

47. To carry on the business of leasing and hire purchase and to acquire, to provide on lease or to be provided on hire purchase basis all types of industrial and offices plants, equipments, machinery, vehicles, buildings and real estate, required for manufacturing, processing, transportation and trading business and other commercial and service business.
48. To build, construct, establish, own purchase sell, take on lease or exchange or otherwise acquire, hold, maintain and manage industrial, commercial or residential buildings, apartment houses, hotels, motels, hostels, restaurants, factory premises godowns, goals, warehouses, flats, hostels, boarding houses, clubs, pleasure grounds and amusement parks, theatres, cinemas or such other show houses, meeting or lecture halls, libraries, dharamshalas and sarais, health resorts and sanatoriums, gardens, swimming pools and baths, huts Bazar and markets, melas and exhibition and to let, sublet, give on lease or otherwise to permit use and occupation of the same for rent or hire charges and to provide for the tenants and occupiers thereof all or any of the conveniences commonly provided in residential, commercial and industrial quarters.
- IV. The liability of the members is Limited.
- V. "The Authorised Capital of the company is Rs. 42,00,00,000 (Forty-Two Crore) divided in to 4,20,00,000 (Four Crore Twenty lakh) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- (Rupees Ten) each."

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :-

S. No.	Name, Description, Occupation and Address of Subscribers	Number of Equity Shares taken by each subscribers	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of Witness with address and occupation
1.	Ashok Aggarwal S/o Sh. Ram Bilas Aggarwal D-976, New Friends Colony, New Delhi (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	I Witness the signatures of all the subscribers. Sd/- (Chandrasekaran S.) S/o Mr. K. Sethuraman 11-F, Pocket-4, Mayur Vihar, Delhi-110091 Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice.
2.	Sandeep Aggarwal S/o Shri J. P. Aggarwal C-562, New Friends Colony, New Delhi (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	
3.	Sunil Jindal S/o Sh. Jai Narain Jindal 1297, Sector-15, Faridabad (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	
4.	Hari Ram Gupta S/o Sh. Sadhu Ram H. No. 1178, Sector-15 Faridabad (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	
5.	Satish Garg S/o Sh. L. C. Garg H. No. 1174, Sector-15, Faridabad (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	
6.	Lakhmi Chand Garg S/o Sh. Sadhu Ram H. No. 1174, Sector-15 Faridabad (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	
7.	Sumitra Aggarwal W/o Shri J. P. Aggarwal C-562, New Friends Colony, New Delhi (Industrialist)	100	Sd/-	
	Total	700 (Seven Hundred) Equity Shares		

Place : NEW DELHI

Dated : 30-6-1997

(THE COMPANIES ACT, 1956)
(COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
STL GLOBAL LIMITED
PRELIMINARY

Unless the context otherwise requires, words of expressions contained in these Articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act. The marginal notes hereto shall not effect the construction hereto and in these presents, unless there be something in the subject or context inconsistent therewith. **Interpretation**

"The Act" means the Companies Act, 1956

"These Articles" means these Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered by Special Resolution, from time to time.

"The Company" means STL GLOBAL LIMITED.

"The Directors" means the Directors of the company for the time being.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the company for the time being.

"The Register" means the Register of Members to be kept pursuant to Section 150 of the Act.

"Dividend" includes bonus.

"Month" means Calendar Month.

"Year" means a calendar year and "Financial Year" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2(17) of the Act.

"Proxy" includes Attorney duly constituted under a power of Attorney.

"Seal" means the common seal of the Company.

"In Writing" and "Written" shall include printing, lithography and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form. Words imparting the singular number only include the plural number and vice-versa.

Words imparting the masculine gender only include the feminine gender.

Words imparting persons include corporations.

"Beneficial Owner" shall have the same meaning assigned thereto in Section 2 of the Depositories Act, 1996.

"Depositories Act" means the Depositories Act, 1996 and includes any statutory modification or enactment thereof for the time being in force.

"Depository" shall mean a Depository as defined in the Depositories Act, 1996.

"Shareholders or Members" means a duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company and also one whose name is entered as beneficial owner in the records of a Depository in the case of shares held in Depository.

"Securities" means shares, debentures or other securities as may be specified by the Central Govt., SEBI or any other concerned authorities from time to time.

in Schedule 1 of the Act shall not apply to the Company.

SHARES

Share Capital	3	The Authorised Share Capital of the Company shall be such amount and be divided into such shares as may, from time to time, be provided in clause V of Memorandum of Association with power to sub divide consolidate and increase and with power from time to time, to issue any shares of the original capital with and subject to any preferential, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as may be, thought fit, and upon the subdivision of shares to apportion the right to participate in profits, in any manner as between the shares resulting from subdivision.
Redeemable Preference Shares	4	The company shall have power to issue Preference Shares carrying right to redemption out of profits which would otherwise be available for dividend, or out of the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares made for the purpose of such redemption, or liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company, and the Board may subject to the provisions of Section 80 of the Act, exercise such power in such manner as it think fit.
Allotment of Shares	5	Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the shares shall be under the control of the Directors who may allot or otherwise dispose off the same on such terms and conditions, and at such time as the Directors fit think and with power to issue any shares as the fully paid in consideration, of services rendered to the Company in its formation or otherwise, provided that where the Directors decide to increase the Issue Capital by Issue of further Shares, the provisions of section 81 of the Act will be complied with provided further that the option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the company in general meeting.
Issue of Shares at a discount	6	Subject to the provisions of Act it shall be lawful for the company to issue at a discount, shares of a class already issued.
Commission for placing shares Brokerage	7	The Company may, subject to compliance with the provisions of Section 78 of the Act, exercise the powers of paying commission on the issue of shared debentures. The Commission may be paid or satisfied in cash or shares, debentures or debenture stock of the company.
Trusts not recognize	8	The company may pay a reasonable sum of brokerage, subject to the ceiling prescribed under the Act.
	9	Subject to section 187 C of the Act, of the Company shall be entitled to treat the registered holder of any share as the absolute owner thereof and accordingly shall not, except as ordered by a Court of competent jurisdiction or as by law required, be bound to recognise any trust, benami or equitable or other claim to or interest as such shares or any fractional part of a share whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof.
Certificate	10	CERTIFICATE The certificate to title to shares shall be issued under the Seal of the company.

11. Every member shall be entitled free of charge to one certificate for all the share or each class registered in his name or, to any member so wishes, to several certificates each for one or more of such shares. Unless conditions of issue of any share other wise provide, the Company shall either within three months after the date of allotment and on surrender to the Company of its letter making the allotment or of its fractional coupons of requisite value (Save in the case of issue against letters of acceptance or of renunciation or in case of issue of bonus shares) or within one month of receipt of the application of registration of the transfer, sub division, consolidation, renewal or exchange of any of its shares, as the case may be, complete, any have ready for delivery the certificates of such shares. Every certificate of shares, shall specify the name of the person in whose favour the certificate is issued, the shares to which it relates and the amount paid up thereon. Particulars of every certificate issued shall be entered in the Register maintained in the form set out in the Companies (Issue of Share Certificate) Rules, 1960.

12. (1) If any certificate of any share be surrendered to the company for subdivision consolidation or if any certificate be defaced, torn or old, decrepit, worn-out or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfer have been duly utilised, then upon surrender there of to the Company, the Board, may order the same to be cancelled any may issue new certificate in lieu thereof, and if any certificate be lost or destroyed then upon proof there of to the satisfaction of the Board, and on such Indemnity at the board thinks it fit being given a new certificate in lieu thereof, shall be given to partly entitled to the shares to which such lost or destroyed certifiante relates. Where a new certificate has been issued as aforesaid it-shall state on the face of it and against the stub or counterfoil that it is issued as aforesaid it shall state on the face of it and against the stub or counterfoil that it is issued in lieu of share certificate or is duplicate issued for the one so replaced and, in the case certificate issued in place of one which has been lost or destroyed, the word "duplicate" shall be stamped or punched in hold letters across the face thereof. For every certificate issued under this Article, there shall be paid to the Company such out of pocket expenses incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the Board may determine.
- (2) No fee shall be charged for sub-division and consolidation of share and debenture certificate and for sub-division of letters of allotment and split, consolidation, renewal and pucca transfer receipts into denominations correspondation to the market units of trading, for sub division of renounceable letters or rights; for issue of new certificate in replacement of those which are old, decrepit or worn out, or where the cages on the reverse for recording transfers have been fully utilised. Provided that the Company may charge such fees as may be agreed by it with the Stock Exchange with which its shares may be enlisted for the time being for issue of new certificates in replacement of those that are Iron. Defaced, lost or destroyed., and for sub division of letter of allotment and split, consolidation, renewal and pucca transfer receipts into denominates other than those fixed for the market units of trading.

**As to issue of
new certificates**

DEMATERIALIZATION OF SECURITIES

- 12A (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialized its existing shares and other securities; rematerialise its shares and other securities held with Depositories and / or offer its fresh shares and other securities in A dematerialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules framed thereunder and on the same being done, the Company shall further be entitled to maintain a register of members with the details of Members holding shares both in material and dematerialized form in any media as permitted by law including any form of electronic media, either in respect of existing in respect of existing share or any future issue and transfer or transmission of any shares or other securities held in material or dematerialized form
- (2) The share and other securities of the Company which are held in the dematerialized, form shall not be progressively numbered and the provisions relating to the progressive numbering shall not apply to the shares or other securities of the Company which are dematerialized or may be dematerialized in future or issued in future in dematerialized form and no Share Certificates shall be issued in respect of the Share issued/held in rematerialized form with any Depository.
- (3) Save as herein otherwise provided, the Company shall be entitled to treat the person whose name appears as the beneficial owner of the Shares/Securities in the records of the Depository as the absolute owner thereof as receipt of Dividends or bonus or Service of Notice and all as or any other matters connected with the Company and accordingly the Company shall not (except as ordered by Court of Competent jurisdiction or as by law required) bound to recognise any banami trust or equity or equitable, contingent or other claims to or interest in such shares/securities on the part of any other person whether or not shall have express or implied notice thereof.
- (4) In the case of Transfer or Transmission of securities held by beneficial owners with the Depository the provisions relating to the normal transfer or of transmission of shares owners in the records of the Depository. In case of transfer or transmission of shares or other marketable securities where the Company has not issued any certificates in respect thereof and where such shares or securities are being held in an electronic and fungible form with a Depository, the provision of the Depository Act, 1996 shall apply.

JOINT-HOLDERS OF SHARES

13. Where two or more persons registered as the holders of any share they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint, tenants with benefit of survivorship Subject to provisions following and to the other provisions of these Articles relating to joint-holders :

Fee on sub-division of shares issue of new certificates etc.

Maximum number	a)	The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the joint-holder of any share.
Liability several as well as joint	b)	The Joint holders of a share shall be liable severally as well as jointly in respect of all payments which ought to be made in respect of such shares.
Survivors of joint holders only recognised	c)	On the death of any one of such joint-holders the survivor or survivors shall be the only person recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share but the Board may deem required such evidence of death as it may deem fit.
Delivery of certificates	d)	Only the person whose name stands first in the Register as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share.

CALLS

Calls	14.	The Directors may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued, make such calls as they think fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively, and not by the conditions of allotment thereto made payable at fixed times, and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the persons and at times and places appointed by the Directors. A call may be made payable by installments.
When call deemed to have been made	15.	That the option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person except with the sanction of the Company in general meeting.
Notice to call	16.	Not less than 30(Thirty) days notice of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.
Amount Payable	17.	If by the terms of issue of any share or otherwise, the whole or part of the amount of issue price thereof is made payable at any fixed time or by installments at fixed times, every such amount of issue price or installment thereof shall be payable as if it was a call duly made by the Directors and of which due notice had been given and all the provisions herein contained in respect of calls shall apply to such amount or issue price or installments accordingly.
Interest to be charged on no payment of call	18.	If the sum payable in respect of any call or installment be not paid on or before the day appointed for the payment thereof, the holder for the time being of the share in respect of which the call shall have been made or the installment shall be due, shall pay interest for the same at the rate of 12 (Twelve) percent per annum, from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the actual payment or at such other rate as the Directors may determine but they shall have power to waive the payment thereof wholly or in part.

Evidence in actions by Company against Shareholders

19. On the trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his representative to recover any debt or money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the defendant is, or was, when the claim arose, on the Register of the company as a holder, or one of the holders of the number of shares in respect of which such claim is made, that the resolution making the Call is duly recorded in the minute book and that the amount claimed is not entered as paid in the books of the Company, and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made any call nor that a quorum of Directors was present at the meeting at which any call was made nor that such meeting was duly convened or constituted, nor any other matter whatsoever; but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.

Payment of calls in advance

20. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the money due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for, and upon the money so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of call then made, upon the share in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the Company in general meeting shall otherwise direct, 6 (Six) percent per annum as the member paying such sum as advance and the Board agree upon. Money so paid in excess of the amount of call shall not rank for dividends or confer a right to participate in profits. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving such member not less than three months notice in writing.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN

Notice may be given for calls or instalment no paid

21. If any member fails to pay any call or installment on or before the day appointed for the payment of the same, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, serve notice on such member requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and expenses, that may have been incurred by the Company by reasons of such non-payment.

Form of notice

22. The notice shall name a day (not being less than 30 (Thirty) days from the date of the notice) and a place or places on and at which such call or installment and such interest and expenses as aforesaid are to be paid. The notice shall also state that in the event of non payment at or before the time, and at the place or places appointed, the shares in respect of which such calls was made or installment is payable will be liable to be forfeited.
23. If the requirement of any such notice as aforesaid be not complied with, any shares in respect which such notice has been given may, at any time thereafter before payment of all calls or installments, interest and expenses due in respect thereof, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends due

- clared in respect of the forfeited share not actually paid before the forfeiture. Neither the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time, be due from any member of the Company in respect of his shares, either by way of principal or interest, not any indulgency granted by the company in respect of the payment of any such money shall preclude the company from thereafter proceeding to enforce a forfeiture of such share as herein provided.
24. When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make such entry as aforesaid. **Notice after forfeiture**
25. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and the Directors may sell, re-allot or otherwise dispose off the same in such a manner, as they think fit. **Forfeited share to be come property of the company**
26. The Directors may, at any time before any share so forfeited shall not be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed off, annual the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as they think fit. **Power to annual forfeiture**
27. Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding such forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the company all calls, installments, interest and the expenses, owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of all installments, interest and the forfeiture together with interest thereupon, from the time of the forfeiture untill payment at 12(Twelve) percent per annum or such other rate as the Directors may determine and the Directors may enforce the payment thereof without any deduction or allowance for the value of shares at the time of forfeiture but shall not be under any obligation to do so. **Arrears to be paid notwithstanding forfeiture**
28. The forfeiture of a share shall involve the extinction of all interest in and also of all claims and demands against the Company in respect of the share and all other rights incidental to the share except only such of those rights as by these Articles are expressly saved. **Effect of forfeiture**
29. A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director of the Company and that certain shares in the Company have been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares and the receipt of the Company for the consideration, if any, given for the shares on the sale or disposition thereof, shall constitute a written title to such shares. **Evidence of forfeiture**
- 30a That fully paid shares shall be free from all lien, and that in the case of partly paid shares, the Company's lien shall be restricted to money called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares. **Company's lien on shares**

- Intention as to enforcing lien by sale
Application of proceeds of sale
- 30b That a common form of transfer shall be used.
31. For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Director may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit, but no sales shall be made until such period as aforesaid shall have elapsed and until notice in writing of the intention to sell shall have been served on such member, his committee, curator bonis or other person recognised by the company as entitled to represent such member and default shall have been made by him or them in the payment of the sum payable as aforesaid for thirty days after such notice. The net proceeds of any such sale shall be applied in or towards satisfaction of such part of the amount in respect of which the line exists as is presently payable by such member, and the residual (if any) be paid to such member, his executors, administrators or other representatives or person so recognised as aforesaid.
- Validity of share
32. Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers by these presents given, the Director may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold and cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the Register in respect of such shares his title to such shares shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to such forfeiture, sale or disposition, nor impeached by any person and the remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the company exclusively.
- Power to issue new certificate
33. Where any shares under the powers in that behalf herein contained are sold by the Directors and the Certificate thereof has not been delivered to the Company by the former holders of the said shares the Directors may issue new certificate in lieu of certificate not so delivered.
- TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES**
- Execution of transfer etc.
34. Subject to the provisions of the Act, no transfer of shares shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by or on behalf of the transferor or transferee has been delivered to the Company together with the certificate or certificates of the shares, or if no such certificate is in existence along with the letter of allotment of shares. The instrument of transfer of any shares shall be signed both by or on behalf of the transferor and by or on behalf of transferees and the transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.

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| 35. | "The Company will entertain applications for registering transfers of its securities when the instrument of transfer is in any usual or common form approved by the exchange." | Common Forms of Transfer |
| 36. | Application for the registration of the transfer of share may be made either by the transferor or the transferee provided that, where such application is made by the transferor, no registration shall in the case of partly paid shares be effected unless the Company gives notice of the application to the transferee in the manner prescribed by the Act, and, subject to the provisions of Articles hereof, the company shall, unless objection is made by the transferee within two weeks from the date of receipt of the notice, enter in the Register the name of the transferee in the same manner and subject to the same conditions as if the application for registration was made by the transferee. | Application for transfer |
| 37. | Before registering any transfer tendered for registration, the Company may, if it so think fit, give notice by letter posted in the ordinary course to the registered holder that such transfer deed has been lodged and that, unless objection is taken, the transfer will be registered and if such registered holder fails to lodge an objection in writing at the office of the Company within two weeks from the posting of such notice to him he shall be deemed to have admitted the validity of the said transfer. | Notice of transfer to registered holder |
| 38. | The company shall keep a "Register of Transfers" and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered particulars of every transfer of any share. | Register of transfer |
| 39. | Subject to the provisions of section 111 of the Act, the Board, without assigning any reason for such refusal, may within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was delivered to the company, refuse to register any transfer of a share upon which the Company has a lien and, in the case of a share not fully paid up, may refuse to register a transfer to a transferee of whom the Board does not approve. Provided that the registration of a transfer of share shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other persons or persons indebted to the company on any account. | In what case to decline to register transfer of shares |

- No transfer to minor**
No fee for
40. (1) No transfer shall be made to a person of unsound mind.
(2) No fee shall be charged for registration of transfer, probate, letter of administration, certificate of death or marriage, Power of Attorney or similar other instruments.
- registration for transfer**
When instrument of transfer to be retained
Notice of refusal to register transfer
41. All instrument of transfer duly approved shall be retained by the Company and in case of refusal, instruments of transfer shall be returned to the person who lodges the transfer deeds.
42. If the Directors refuse to register the transfer of any shares, the Company shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the Company or intimation given, send to the transferor and the transferee or the person giving intimation of such transfer, notice for such refusal.
- Power to close transfer books and register**
43. On giving seven days' notice by advertisement in a news paper circulating in the District in which the Office of the Company is situated, the Register of Members may be closed during such time as the Directors think fit not exceeding in the whole forty five days in each year but not exceeding thirty days at a time.
- Transmission of registered shares**
44. The executors or administrators or the holder of a succession certificate in respect of shares of a deceased member (not being one of several joint holders) shall be the only person whom the Company shall recognise as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such member and, in case of the death of any one or more of the joint holders of any registered shares the survivors shall be only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share but nothing herein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person. Before recognising any legal representative or heir or a person otherwise claiming title to the shares the company may require him to obtain a grant of probate or letters of administration or succession certificate, or other legal representation, as the case may be from a competent Court, provided nevertheless that in any case where the Board in its absolute discretion think fit, it shall be lawful for the Board to dispense with production or probate or letters of administration or a succession certificate or such other legal representation upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Board may consider desirable.
- As to transfer of share of deceased or insolvent members**
45. Any person becoming entitled to or to transfer shares in consequence of the death or insolvency of any member, upon producing such evidence that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this article, or of his title as the Directors think sufficient, may with the consent of the Directors (which they shall not be under any obligation to give), be registered as a member in respect of such shares or may, subject to the regulations to transfer hereinbefore contained, transfer such shares. This Article is hereinafter referred to as 'The transmission Article'. Subject to any other provisions of these Articles if the person so becoming entitled to shares under this or the last preceding Article shall elect to be registered a member in respect of the share himself he shall delivery or sent to the company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to transfer to some other person he shall execute an instrument of transfer of shares. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these articles relating to the rights to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice of transfer as aforesaid.
- Transmission Article**
- Notice of election to be registered**

46. Subject to any other provision of these Articles if the Directors in their sole discretion are satisfied in the regard thereof, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may receive and give a discharge for any dividends or other money payable in respect of the share.
47. The instrument of transfer shall be in writing and all the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 1956 and of any statutory modifications thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfers of shares and the registration thereof.
- SHARE WARRANTS**
48. Subject to the provisions of Section 114 and 115 of the Act and subject to any directions which may be given by the Company in General Meeting, the Board may issue share-warrants in such manner and on such terms and conditions as the Board may deem fit. In case of such issue Regulations 40 to 43 of table 'A' in Schedule 1 to the Act shall apply. Power to issue share warrants
- STOCKS**
49. The Company may exercise the power of conversion of its shares into stock and in that case regulations 37 to 39 of table 'A' in Schedule 1 to the Act shall apply.
- ALTERATION OF CAPITAL**
50. The company may, by ordinary resolution, from time to time, alter the condition of Memorandum of Association as follows:
- (a) Increase the Share Capital by such amount to be divided into shares of such amount as may be specified in the resolution.
 - (b) Consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares
 - (c) Sub-divide its existing shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association, so however, that in the sub-division the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the share from which the reduced share is derived, and
 - (d) Cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the share so cancelled.
51. Subject to the provisions Section 100 to 104 of the Act, the Board may accept from any member the surrender of all or any of his shares on such terms and condition as shall be agreed.

Rights of executors and trustees

Provisions of articles relating to transfer applicable

Power to issue share warrants

Stocks

Power to subdivide and consolidate

Surrender

Power to modify rights 52. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be carried with consent in writing of the holders of three-fourths of the passed at a Separate Meeting of the holders of the shares of that class. To every such separate meeting the provisions of these Articles, relating to general meeting shall apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy one-tenth of the issued shares of the class but so that if at any adjourned meeting of such holders a quorum as above defined is not present, those members who are present shall be a quorum and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and, on a poll, shall have one vote for each shares of the class of which he is the holder. The company shall comply with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act as to forwarding a copy of any such agreement or resolution to the Register of Companies.

BORROWING POWERS

Power to borrow 53. The Board may from time to time and at its discretion, subject to the provisions of section 58A, 292 and 293 of the Act, and Regulations made thereunder and Directions issued by the RBI raise or borrow, either from the Directors or from elsewhere and secure the payment of any sums or sum of money for the purpose of the company.

Conditions on which money may be borrowed 54. The Board may raise or secure the repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as it thinks fit, and in particular, but the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture-stock, or any mortgage, or other security on the undertaking of the whole or part of the property of the Company (both present and future), including its uncalled capital for the time being, provided that debentures with the rights to allotment of or conversion into shares shall not be issued except with the sanction of the Company in general meeting and subject to provision of the Act.

Issue at discount etc. or with special privileges 55. Any debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges, as to redemption, surrender, drawing, allotment or shares, appointment of Directors and otherwise. Debentures, debenture-stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

Instrument of transfer 56. Save as provided in Section 108 of the Act, no transfer of debenture shall be registered unless a proper instrument of transfer duly stamped and executed by the transferor and transferee has been delivered to the Company together with the certificate or certificates of debentures.
57. If the Board refuses to register the transfer of any debentures, the Company shall, within two months from the date on which the instrument of transfer was lodged with the company, send to the transferee and to the transferor notice of the refusal.

RESERVES

58. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall in accordance with Section 205 (2A) of the Act, before recommending any dividend, set a side out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks proper as reserves which shall at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the company may be properly applied and pending such application may at its discretion, either be employed in the business of the company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company as the Board may from time to time think fit.). The Board may also carry forward any profit which it may think prudent not to divide without setting them aside as a reserve.
59. Any General Meeting may resolve that the whole or any part of the undivided profits of the company (which expression shall include any premiums received on the issue of the shares and any profits of other sums which have been set aside as a reserve or reserves or have been carried forward without being divided) be capitalised and distributed amongst such of the members as would be entitled to received the same if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions on the footing that they become entitled thereto as capital and the all or any part of such capitalised amount be applied on behalf of such members in paying up in full any unissued shares of the company which shall be distributed accordingly or in or towards payment of the uncalled liability on any issued shares, and that such distribution or payment shall be accepted by such member in full satisfaction of their interest in the said capitalised amount Provided that any sum standing to the credit of a Share Premium Account or a Capital Redemption Reserve Account may, for the purpose of this Article only be applied in paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the company as fully-paid bonus shares.
60. For the purpose of giving effect to any resolution under last two preceding Articles, the Directors may settle any difficulty which may arise in regard to the distribution as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificate.

Reserve

Capitalisation

Fractional certificates

GENERAL MEETINGS

61. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, call an Extra ordinary General Meeting provided however if at any time there are not in India, Directors capable of acting who ar sufficient in number to form a quorum any Director present in India may call an Extra Ordinary Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

Extra Ordinary General Meeting

- Calling of Extra ordinary General Meeting on requisition** 62. The Board of Directors of the Company shall on the requisition of such member or members of the company as is specified in subsection (4) of Section 169 of the Act forthwith proceed to call an Extra ordinary General Meeting of the company and in respect of any such requisition and of any meeting to be called pursuant thereto, all the provision of section 169 of the Act and of any statutory modification thereof for the time being shall apply.
- Quorum Chairman** 63. The quorum for a general meeting shall be five members present in person.
64. At every General Meeting, the Chair shall be taken by the Chairman of the Board of Directors. If at any meeting, the chairman of the Board of Directors be not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or, through present be unwilling to act as chairman, the members present shall choose one of the Directors present to be Chairman or if no Director shall be present or through present shall be unwilling to take the Chair then the members present shall choose one of their members, being a member entitled to vote, to be Chairman.
- Sufficiency of ordinary resolutions** 65. Any act or resolution which, under the provisions of this Article or of the Act, is permitted shall be sufficiently so done or passed if effected by an ordinary resolution unless either the Act or the articles specifically require such act to be done or resolution passed by a special resolution.
- When if quorum be not present, meeting to be dissolved and when adjourned** 66. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum be not present, the meeting, if convened upon a requisition of share holders shall be dissolved but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at same time and place, unless the same shall be public holiday when the meeting shall stand adjourned to the next day not being a public holiday at the same time and place and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum be not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, those members who are present and not being less than two person shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
- How question of resolution to be decided at meetings** 67. In the case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall both on a show of hands and a poll have a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled as a member.
- Power to adjourn General Meeting** 68. The Chairman of a General Meeting may adjourn the same, from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. It shall not be necessary to give notice to the members of such adjournment or of the time, date and place appointed for the holding of the adjourned meeting.
- Business may proceed notwithstanding demand of poll** 69. If a poll be demanded, the demand of a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.
- Vote of members** 70. **VOTES OF MEMEBRS**
(1) On a show of hands every members present in person and being a holder of Equity Shares shall have one vote and every person present either as a proxy on behalf of a holder of Equity shares or as a duly authorised representative of a body corporate being a holder of Equity shares, if he is not entitled to vote in his own right, shall have one vote.

- (2) On a poll the voting rights of a holder of equity shares shall be as specified in Section 87 of the Act.
- (3) The voting rights of the holders of the Preference Shares including the Redeemable Cumulative Preference shares shall be in accordance with the provisions of section 87 of the Act.
- (4) No company or body corporate shall vote by proxy so long as a resolution of its Board of Directors under Section 187 of the Act is in force and the representative named in such resolution is present at the General Meeting at which the vote by proxy is tendered.
71. A person becoming entitled to a share shall not before being registered as member in respect of the share be entitled to exercise in respect thereof any right conferred by membership in relation to the meeting of the company. If any member be a lunatic or idiot, he may vote whether on a show of hands or at a poll by his committee or other legal curator and such last mentioned persons may give their votes by proxy provided twenty four hours at least before the time of holding the meeting or adjourned meeting, as the case may be, at which any such person proposes to vote he shall satisfy the board of his rights under this Article unless the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.
72. Where there are joint holders of any share any one of such persons may vote at any meeting either personally or by proxy in respect of such shares as if he were solely entitled there to and if more than one of such joint holders be present at any meeting either personally or by proxy then that one of the said persons so present whose name stands prior in order on the register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purpose of this Article be deemed joint holders thereof.
73. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer or of his Attorney duly authorised in writing or if such appointer is a corporation under its common seal or the hands of its Attorney.
74. The instrument appointing proxy and the Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of the power of authority shall be deposited at the office not less than forty-eight hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote and in default, the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
75. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the instrument of transfer of the share in respect of which the vote is given. Provided no intimation in writing of the death, insanity, revocation of transfer of the share shall have been received at the office or by the Chairman of the Meeting shall be entitled to require such evidence as he may in his discretion think fit of the due execution of an instrument of proxy and that the same has not been revoked.

Votes in respect of deceased, insolvent and in the members

Joint holders

Instrument appointing proxy to be in writing

Instrument appointing proxy to be deposited at the office

When vote by proxy valid though authority revoked

Form of instrument appointing proxy	76.	Every instrument appointing a proxy shall as nearly as circumstances will admit be in the form set out in Schedule IX to Act.
Validity of vote	77.	No objection shall be taken to the validity of any vote except at the meeting or poll at which such vote shall be tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting or poll and whether given personally or by proxy or otherwise shall be deemed valid for all purposes.
	78A.	Before or on the declaration of the result of the voting on any resolution on a show of hands, a poll may be ordered to taken by the Chairman of the meeting on his own motion and shall be ordered to be taken by him on a demand made in that behalf by any member or members present in person or by proxy and fulfilling the requirement as laid down in Section 179 of the Act, for the time being in force.
Registration on voting	78.	No member shall be entitled to exercise any voting rights either personally or by proxy at any meeting of the Company in respect of any shares registered in his name on which any calls or other sums presently payable by him have not been paid or in regard to which the Company has and has exercised any right or lien.
		DIRECTOR GENERAL PROVISION
Number of Directors	79.	The number of Directors shall not be less than three and not more than twelve
First Directors	80.	The following shall be the first Directors of the Company.
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Mr. Ashok Aggarwal 2. Mr. Sunil Jindal 3. Mr. Satish Garg
Power of Directors to add its number	81.	The Directors shall have power, at any time and from time to time, to appoint any person as an additional Director as an addition to the Board but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed by the Articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting of the company and shall be eligible for re-election.
Share qualification of Directors	82.	A Director shall not be required to hold any share qualification.
Remuneration of Directors	83.	Subject to provision of the Act, the Directors shall be entitled to receive in each year a Commission @1% (One percent) of the net profits of the Company, such commission be calculated on the net profits of the Company to be computed in accordance with the provisions of the Act, and such commission shall be divided among the Directors in such proportion and manner as may be determined by them. The Director may allow and pay to any director who for the time being is resident out of the place at which any meeting of the Directors may be held and who shall come to that place for the purpose of attending such meeting such sum as the Directors may consider fair and reasonable for his expenses in connection with his attending at the meeting in addition to his remuneration as above specified. If any Director being willing is appointed to an executive office either whole time or part time to be called upon to perform extra service or the make any special exertions for any of the purposes of the Company then,

subject to section 198, 309, 310 and 314 of the Act, the Board may remunerate such Director either by a fixed sum or by a percentage of profits or otherwise and such remuneration may be either in addition to or in substitution for any other remuneration to which he may be entitled to.

83A. The sitting fees payable to a Director for attending a meeting of the Board or a Committee of the Board or a general meeting shall be regulated as per the provision of Section 310 of the Act and Schedule XIII thereof.

84. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body but so that if the number falls below the minimum number above fixed, the Directors shall not except for the purpose of filling vacancies or of summoning a General Meeting act so long as the number is below the minimum.

**Continuing Directors
may act**

85. Subject to the provision of Section 297, 299, 309 and 314 of the Act, the Directors (including Managing Director) shall not be disqualified by reason of his or their office as such, from holding office under the Company or from contracting with the Company either as vendor, purchaser, lender, agent, broker, lessor or otherwise nor shall any such contractor or any contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with a relative of such Directors or the Managing Director or with any firm in which any Director or a relative shall be a partner or with any other partner or with a private company in which such Director is a member or director interested be avoided, nor shall any Director or otherwise so contracting or being such members or so interested be liable to account to the company for any profit realised by such contract or arrangement by reason only on such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established.

**Directors may
contract**

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

86. The company in General Meeting may, subject to the provision of these Articles and the Act, at any time elect any person to be a Director and may, from time to time, increase or reduce the number of directors.

**Appointment of
Directors**

86A. Any member of the company shall be competent to propose the name of any person who is otherwise not disqualified as being a director of a company, for the office of director in the company and shall accordingly give a notice of at least 14 days in writing along with a deposit of Rs. 500/- (Rupees Five hundred) or such sum as may for the time being prescribed by the Act, which shall be refunded only after the person proposed to be appointed as director is elected.

87. If any Director appointed by the Company in general meeting vacates office as a Director before his term of office will expire in the normal course, the resulting casual vacancy may be filled up by the Board at a meeting of the Board, but any

**Board may fill up
casual vacancies**

**Nominee
Directors**

person so appointed shall retain his office so long as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred. Provided that the Board may not fill such a vacancy by appointing thereto any person who has been removed from the office of Director under Section 284 of the Act.

88. The company shall, subject to the provisions of the Act, be entitled to agree with any person, firm or corporation that he or it shall have the right to appoint his or its nominee on the Board of Directors of the Company upon which terms and conditions as the Company may deem fit. The corporation, firm or person shall be entitled, from time to time, to remove any such Director or Directors and appoint another or others in his or their places. He shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligation as any other Director of the company.

**Nomination of
Director by
financial and
other institutions**

89. a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these Articles, so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI) Industrial Finance Corporation of India (IFCI), The Industrial Credit and Investment Corporation of India Limited (ICICI), Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC), General Insurance Corporation of India (GIC), Unit Trust of India (UTI), and other Financial Institutions of Central or State Governments or to any other Corporation or Institution or to any other Financing Company or other Body out of any loans granted by them to the Company or so long as IDBI, IFCI, ICICI, LIC, GIC, UTI or any other Financing Company or Body (each of which IDBI, IFCI, ICICI and LIC, GIC, UTI or other Nomination of Director by financial and other institutions Finance Corporation or Credit Corporation or any other financing Company or body is hereinafter in these Articles referred to as "the Corporation") continue to hold shares in the company as result of underwriting or direct subscription, the Corporation shall have a right to appoint from time to time any person or persons as a director or directors, whole time or non-whole time (which director or directors is/are hereinafter referred to as nominee director/s") on the board of the company and to remove from such office any person or persons so appointed and to appoint any person or person in his or their place/s.
- (b) The Board of directors of the company shall have no power to remove from office the nominee director/s. At the option of the Corporation, such nominee director/s shall not be liable to retirement by rotation of directors. Subject as aforesaid, the nominee director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other director of the Company.
- (c) The nominee director/s so appointed shall hold the said office only so long as any money remain owing by the company to the Corporation or as are result of underwriting or direct subscription and the nominee director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall ipso-facto vacate such office immediately after the moneys owing by the company to the corporation are paid off or the Corporation ceasing to hold shares in the company.

- (d) The nominee director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of and attend all general meeting, board meetings and of the meetings of the committee of which the nominee director/s is/are members/s and also the minutes of such meetings. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices and minutes.
- (e) The Company shall pay to the nominee director/s sitting fees and expenses which the other directors of the company are entitled to, but if any other fees, commission, moneys or remuneration in any form is payable to the Directors of the company, the fees, commission, moneys and remuneration in relation to such nominee director/s shall accrue to the Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the company directly to the Corporation. Any expenses that may be incurred by the Corporation or such nominee director/s in connection with their appointment or directorship shall also be paid or reimbursed by the company to the Corporation or as the case may be to such nominee director/s. Provided that if any such nominee director/s is an officer of the Corporation the sitting fees, in relation to such nominee director/s shall also accrue to Corporation and the same shall accordingly be paid by the company directly to the Corporation. Provided also that in the event to the nominee director/s being appointed as whole time director/s such nominee directors shall exercise such powers and duties as may be approved by the Corporation and have such rights as are usually exercised or available to a whole time director, in the management of the affairs of the Company. Such nominee director/s shall be entitled to receive such remuneration, fees, commission and moneys as may be approved by the Corporation.

90. Subject to the provisions of section 313 of the Act, the Board may appoint any person to act as an alternate director for a director during the latter's absence for a period of not less than three months from the state in which meetings of the Board are ordinarily held and such appointment shall have effect as such appointee, whilst he holds office as an alternate director, shall be entitled to notice of meetings of the Board and to attend and vote thereat accordingly, but he shall ipso facto vacate office if and when the absent director returns to state in which meeting of the Board are ordinarily held or the absent Director vacates office as Director

Alternate Directors

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

91. (1) Not less than two-thirds of the total number of Directors shall be persons whose period of office is liable to determination by retirement of Directors by rotation.

Rotation of Directors

- (2) At each Annual General Meeting of the Company, one-third of such of the Directors for the time being as are liable to retire by rotation or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.
- (3) The Directors to retire by rotation at every Annual General Meeting shall be those who have been longest in office since their last appointment, but as between person who became Directors on the same day, those to retire shall, in default of the subject to any agreement among themselves, be determined by lot.
- (4) If at any Annual General Meeting all the Directors appointed under Article 87 and 110 hereby are not exempt from retirement by rotation under Section 255 of the Act, then to the extent permitted by the said Section, the exemption shall extend to the Directors or Director appointed under Article 87. Subject to the foregoing provisions as between Directors appointed under any of the Articles referred to above, the Director or Directors who shall not be liable to retire by rotation shall be determined by and in accordance with their respective seniorities as maybe determined by the Board

- 92. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and shall act as Director throughout the meeting at which he retires.
- 93. Subject to any resolution for reducing the number of Directors, if at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the places of the retiring Directors are not filled up, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place and if at the adjourned meeting, the places of the retiring Directors are not filled up, the retiring Directors or such of them as have not had their places filled up shall (if willing to continue in office) be deemed to have been re-elected at the adjourned meeting.

**Retiring Directors
eligible for re-election**

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 94. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit. Notice in writing of every meeting of the Directors shall ordinarily be given by a Director or such other officer of the company duly authorised in this behalf to every Director for the time being in India, and at his usual address in India to every other Director.
- 95. The quorum for a meeting of the Directors shall be determined, from time to time, in accordance with the provisions of section 287 of the Act. If a quorum shall not be present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for holding a meeting of the Directors, it shall be adjourned until such date and time as the Directors present shall appoint.

Meeting of Directors

Quorum

- Summoning a meeting of Directors** 96. The Secretary may at any time, and upon request of any two Directors shall, summon a meeting of the Directors.
- Voting at Meeting** 97. Subject to the provisions of Section 316, 372(5) and 386 of the Act, questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes, each director having one vote and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
- Chairman of meeting** 98. The Chairman of the Board of Directors shall be the Chairman of the meetings of Directors. Provided that if the Chairman of the Board of Directors is not present within five minutes after the appointed time for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their members to be Chairman of such meeting.
- Act of Meeting** 99. A meeting of Directors for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the Articles of the Company and the act for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally.
- To appoint Committee and to delegate power and revoke it** 100. The Directors may, subject to compliance of the provisions of the Act, from time to time, delegate any of their powers to committee(s) consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit, and may, from time to time, revoke such delegation. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may, from time to time be imposed on it by Directors. The meeting and proceedings of any such Committee, if consisting of two or more members, shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meeting and proceedings of the Directors so far as the same are applicable thereto and are not superseded by any regulation made by the Directors under this Article.
- Validity of acts** 101. All acts done at any meeting of Directors or of a Committee of Directors or by any person acting as a Director shall be valid notwithstanding that it be afterwards discover that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors, Committee or person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified.
- Resolution by circulation** 102. Except a resolution which the Act, requires it specifically to be passed in a board meeting, a resolution may be passed by the Directors or Committee thereof by circulation in accordance with the provision of Section 289 of the Act.

Minutes of any meeting of Directors or of any Committee or of the Company if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of such meeting or by the Chairman of next succeeding meeting shall be receivable as prima facie evidence of the matters in such minutes.

POWER OF DIRECTORS

103. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the control of the Company shall be vested in the Directors who shall be entitled to exercise all such powers and to do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the company and are not hereby law expressly required or directed to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting but subject nevertheless to the provisions of any law and of these presents, from time to time, made by the Company in General Meeting, provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.
104. Without prejudice to the general powers conferred by the preceding article the Directors may, from time to time and at any time subject to the restrictions contained in the Act, delegate to managers, secretaries, officers, assistants and other employees or other persons (including any firm or body corporate) any of the powers authorised and discretions for the time being vested in the Directors.
105. Directors may authorise any such delegate or attorney as aforesaid to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretion for the time being vested in them.
106. All deeds, agreements and documents and all cheques, promissory notes, drafts, hundies, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted or endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be by such person (including any firm or body corporate) whether in the employment of the company or not and in such manner as the Directors shall, from time to time, by resolution determine.
107. The Directors may make such arrangements as may be thought fit for the management of the Company's affair abroad, and may for this purpose (without prejudice to the generality of their powers) appoint local bodies and agents and fix their remuneration and delegate to them such powers as may be deemed requisite or expedient. The foreign seal shall be affixed by the authority and in the presence of and instruments sealed therein shall be signed by, such persons as the Directors shall, from time to time by writing under the common seal, appoint. The company may also exercise the powers of keeping Foreign Registers. Such regulations not being in consistent with the provisions of Section 157 and 158 of the Act, the Board may, from time to time, make such provisions as it may think fit relating thereto and may comply with the requirements of any local law.
108. A Manager or secretary may be appointed by the Directors on such terms, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any Manager or Secretary appointed any be removed by the Directors.
A Director may be appointed as Manager or Secretary, subject to Sections 314, 197A, 383A, 387 and 388 of the Act.
- General power of the company vested in the Directors**
- Power to delegate**
- Power to authorise sub-delegation**
- Signing of documents**
- Management abroad**
- Manager or Secretary**

- Act of Director, Manager or Secretary** 109. A provision of the Act or these regulations requiring or authorising a thing to be done by a director, manager or secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of the manager or secretary.
- Power to appoint managing Director** 110. Subject to the provisions of Sections 197A, 269, 316 and 317 and Schedule XIII of the Act, the Board may, from time to time, appoint one or more Directors to be Managing Director or Managing Directors of Company and may from time to time (subject to the provision of any contract between him or them and the Company), remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his place or their places.
- To what provisions he shall be subjected** 111. Subject to the provision of Section 255 of the Act and Article 90 (4) change hereof, a Managing Director shall not, while he continues to hold that office, but subject to retirement by rotation but he shall be counted for ascertaining the number of Directors to retire (Subject to the provision of any contract between him and the Company he shall be subject to the same provisions as to resignation and removal as the other Directors, and he shall, ipso facto and immediately, cease to be a Managing Director for any cause.
- Remuneration of Managing Director** 112. Subject to the provisions of Sections 198, 309, 310, 311 and Schedule XIII of the Act, a Managing Director shall, in addition to the remunerating payable to him as a Director of the Company under the Articles, receive such additional remunerations as may, from time to time, be sanctioned by the Company.
- Powers of Managing Director** 113. Subject to the provisions of the Act, in particular to the prohibitions and restrictions contained in Section 292 and 293 thereof, the Board may, from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Board as it may think fit, and may confer such powers for such time, and to be exercised for such objects and purposes and upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as it thinks fit, and the Board may confer such powers either collaterally with, or to the exclusion of, and in substitution for any of the powers of the Board in that behalf and may, from time to time, revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.
- COMMENCEMENT OF BUSINESS**
- Compliance before commencement of new business** 114. The company shall not at any time commence any business out of other objects of its Memorandum of Association unless the provisions of Section 149 of the Act have been duly complied with by it.
- SEAL**
- Custody of seal** 115. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal and the Seal shall never be used except by the authority of the Directors or a Committee of the Directors previously given and one Director at least shall sign every instrument to which the seal is affixed provided nevertheless that any instrument bearing the Seal of the Company and issued for valuable consideration shall be binding on the Company notwithstanding any irregularity touching the authority of the Directors to issue the same.

DIVIDENDS

116. Subject to Rights of members entitled to shares (if any) with preferential or special rights attached to them, the profits of the Company, from time to time determine to be distributed as dividend in respect of any year or other period shall be applied for payment of dividend on the shares in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the Shares provided that unless the Board otherwise determines all dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which dividend is paid. Provided always that Subject as aforesaid any capital paid up on a share during the period in respect of which a dividend is declared shall (unless the Board otherwise determines or the terms of issue otherwise provide, as the case may be), only entitle the holder of such share to an apportioned amount of such dividend as from the date of payment but so that where capital is paid up in advance of calls such capital shall not confer a right to participate in profits.
117. The Company in General Meetings may declare a dividend to be paid to the members according to their rights and interest in the profits and may subject to the provisions of Section 205 of the Act, fix the time for payment.
118. No larger dividend shall be declared than is recommended by the Directors, but the company in General Meeting may declare a smaller dividend.
119. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company of the year or any other undistributed profits and no dividend shall carry interest as against the Company.
120. The declaration of the Directors as to the amount of the net profit in the audited annual accounts of the Company for any year shall be conclusive.
121. The Directors may, from time to time, pay to the members such interim dividends as in their judgement the position of the Company justifies.
122. The Directors may retain any dividends on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the line exists, subject to Section 205A of the Act.
123. A transfer of shares shall not pass the rights of any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
124. Subject to Section 205A of the Act, the Director may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the transmission Article entitled to become a member or which any person under the Article is entitled to transfer until such person shall duly become a member in respect thereof or shall transfer the same.
125. Any one of the several person who are registered as joint holders of any share may give effectual receipts of dividend payments on account dividends in respect of such shares.
126. Unless otherwise directed, any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through post to the registered address of the member or person entitled thereto, or in the case of joint-holders to the registered address of that one whose name stands first on the Register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and such address and the member or person entitled or such joint holders as the case may be, may direct and every cheque or warrant so sent shall be made payable at par to the person or the order of the person
- How Profits shall be divisible**
- Declaration of dividends**
- Restrictions of amount of dividends**
- Dividend out of profit only**
- What to be deemed net profits**
- Interim dividends**
- Debts may be deducted**
- Retention in certain cases**
- Dividend to joint holders**
- Payment by post**

**When payments
good discharge**

- To whom it is sent or to the order of such other person as the member of person entitled or such joint holders, as the case may be, may direct.
127. The payment of every cheque or warrant sent under the provisions of the last preceding Article shall, if such cheque or warrant purports to be duly endorsed, be a good discharge to the company in respect thereof, provided nevertheless that the company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque, warrant or postal money order which shall be sent by post to any member or by his order to any other person in respect of any dividend.
- 127A Any dividend remaining unpaid or unclaimed after having been declared shall be dealt in accordance with Sections 205A and 205B of the Companies Act, 1956 and rules made thereunder.
- 127B No. unclaimed dividend shall be forfeited by the Board and the Company shall comply with the provisions of Section 205A of the Companies Act, 1956 and rules made thereunder in respect of such dividend.

Where to be kept

- BOOK AND DOCUMENTS**
128. The Books of Account shall be kept at the registered office or at such other place as the Directors think fit, and shall be open to inspection by the Directors during business hours

**Inspection by
members**

129. The Directors shall, from time to time, determine whether and to what extent and what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts or books or documents of the Company or any of them shall be open for inspection to members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspection to any books of account or documents of the Company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in General Meeting.

**Balance Sheet and
profit and loss
Account
Audit**

130. Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account will be audited once in a year by a qualified auditor for correctness as per provisions of the Act.
131. The first auditors of the company shall be appointed by the Board of Directors within one month after its incorporation who shall hold office till the conclusion of first annual general meeting
132. The directors may fill up any casual vacancy in the office of the auditors.
133. The remuneration of the auditors shall be fixed by the company in the annual general meeting except as otherwise decided or that remuneration of the first or any auditors appointed by the directors may be fixed by the directors.

**How notice served
on members
Transfer etc., bound
by prior notices**

- NOTICES**
134. The company shall comply with the provisions of Sections 53, 172 and 190 of the Act as to the serving of notices.
135. Every person who, by operation of law, or by transfer or by other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any shares shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered on the register shall be duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such shares.

136. Any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address of any member in pursuance of these presents shall notwithstanding such member be then deceased and whether or not the company has notice of his demise, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member, until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder of joint-holders thereof and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on his or her heirs, executors or administrators, and all persons, if any, jointly interested with him or her in any such share.
137. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed.

Notice valid though member deceased

How notice to be signed

RECONSTRUCTION

138. On any sale of the undertaking of the Company, the Directors or the Liquidators on a winding up may, if authorised by a special resolution, acceptfully paid or partly paid-up shares, debentures, or securities of any other Company whether incorporated in India or not other than existing or to be formed for the purchase in whole or in part of the property of the company, and the Directors (if the profits of the Company permit), or the Liquidators (in a winding up) may distribute such shares or securities or any other property of the company amongst the members without realisation, or vest the same in trustees for them, and any special resolution may provide for the distribution or appropriation of the cash, shares or other securities, benefits or property, otherwise than in accordance with the strict legal rights of the members or contributories of the company and of the valuation of any such securities or property at such price and in such manner as the meeting may approve and all holders of shares shall be bound by any valuation or distribution so authorised, and waive all rights in relation thereto, save only in case the Company is proposed to be or is in the course of being wound up, such statutory rights, if any, under Section 494 of the Act as are incapable of being varied or excluded by these presents.

Reconstruction

SECRECY

139. Subject to the provisions of law of land and the Act, no member or other person (not being a Director) shall be entitled to enter upon the property of the company without the permission of Directors, or subject to article 126 to require discovery of any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade, or secret process or of any matter whatsoever which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which, in the opinion of the Directors, will be inexpedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate.

No shareholder to enter the premises of the Company without permissions

WINDING UP

- Distribution of Assets** 140 If the Company shall be wound up and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital such assets shall be distributed so that as nearly as may be the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the capital paid-up or which ought to have been paid up at the commencement of winding-up on the shares held by them respectively. And if in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the capital at the commencement of the winding up, paid up or which ought to have been paid up on the shares held by them respectively. But this Article is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.
- Distribution of Assets in specie** 141 In the event of Company being wound up, whether voluntarily or otherwise, the liquidators, may with the sanction of Special Resolution divide among the contributors, in specie or kind, any part of the assets of the Company and may with the like sanction, vest any part of the assets of the Company in Trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories or any of them as the Liquidators, with like sanction shall think fit.

INDEMNITY

- Indemnity** 142 Subject to the provision of Section 201 of the Act, every Director, Manager, Secretary and other officer or employee of the company shall be indemnified against and it shall be the duty of the Directors to pay out of the funds of the Company all bonafide costs, losses and expenses (including travelling expenses) which any such Directors, Manager or Secretary or other officer or employee may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or any way in the discharge of his or their duties and in particular, and so as not to limit the generality of the foregoing provisions against all liabilities incurred by him or by them as such Director, Manager, Secretary, Officer or employee in defending any proceeding whether civil or criminal in which judgement is given in his or their favour or he or they is or are acquitted or in connection with any application under Section 633 of the Act in which relief is granted by the Court and the amount for which such indemnity is provided shall immediately attach as a lien on the property of the Company and have priority as between the members over all other claims.

LOANS AND GUARANTEES

- Power to make inter-corporate Loans and Guarantees** 143 Subject to provision of section 372A of the Act, Company can directly or indirectly make any loan to any other body corporate, give any guarantee or provide security, in connection with a loan made by way of subscription, purchase or otherwise the securities of any other body corporate, provided that the total amount of loans so given or guarantees so provided shall not exceed sixty percent of its paid up share capital and free reserves, whichever is more. Where the aggregates of loans and investments so far made, the amounts for which guarantee or security so far provided to or in all other bodies corporate, along with the investment, loan, guarantee or security proposed to be made or given by the board exceed the aforesaid limits, no investment or loan or loan should be made or guarantee shall be given or security shall be provided unless previously authorized by a special resolution passed in a general

**Individual
responsibility of
Directors**

144

Subject to the provisions of the Act, and so far as such provisions permit, no Director, Auditor or other Officer of the company shall be liable for acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or Officer or for joining in any receipt or act for conformity, or for any loss or expenses happening to the company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Director for or on behalf of the company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgement, omission, default, or oversight on his part, or for any loss, damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happens through his own dishonesty.

S. No.	Name, Description, Occupation and Address of Subscribers	Signature of Subscriber	Signature of Witness with address and occupation
1.	Ashok Aggarwal S/o Sh. Ram Bllas Aggarwal D-976, New Friends Colony, New Delhi (Industrialist)	Sd/-	<p data-bbox="1029 795 1061 1344">I Witness the signatures of all the subscribers.</p> <p data-bbox="1077 1041 1109 1108">Sd/-</p> <p data-bbox="1109 952 1141 1198">(Chandrasekaran S.)</p> <p data-bbox="1141 940 1173 1209">S/o Mr. K. Sethuraman</p> <p data-bbox="1173 817 1204 1332">11-F, Pocket-4, Mayur Vihar, Delhi-110091</p> <p data-bbox="1204 817 1236 1332">Company Secretary in Whole Time Practice.</p>
2.	Sandeep Aggarwal S/o Shri J. P. Aggarwal C-562, New Friends Colony, New Delhi (Industrialist)	Sd/-	
3.	Sunil Jindal S/o Sh. Jai Narain Jindal 1297, Sector-15, Faridabad (Industrialist)	Sd/-	
4.	Hari Ram Gupta S/o Sh. Sadhu Ram H. No. 1178, Sector-15 Faridabad (Industrialist)	Sd/-	
5.	Satish Garg S/o Sh. L. C. Garg H. No. 1174, Sector-15, Faridabad (Industrialist)	Sd/-	
6.	Lakhmi Chand Garg S/o Sh. Sadhu Ram H. No. 1174, Sector-15 Faridabad (Industrialist)	Sd/-	
7.	Sumitra Aggarwal W/o Shri J. P. Aggarwal C-562, New Friends Colony, New Delhi (Industrialist)	Sd/-	

Place : NEW DELHI

Dated : 30-6-1997